ANDUAL REPORT 2020

Chartered Banker



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I have a huge amount of respect for learning from the lessons of the past, while recognising that the future will demand different solutions.



As I said in my opening remarks at last year's AGM in June 2019, choppy waters in our economy were overdue and a correction of sorts in financial markets too. However, none of us could have anticipated the scale of the global challenges we now face.

One of the key strengths of this Institute of ours, the oldest banking institute in the world, is our resilience, and that of course, is testament to our people. Over almost one-and-a-half centuries, the Institute has borne witness to wars, rationing, epidemics and more than a few financial shocks, and as we now face the Covid-19 pandemic, I am sure that we will once again rise to the challenge of supporting our members, staff, customers and the wider economy both in the short and longer term.

Throughout the decade that I've served on Council and now on the Board of Trustees, I've come to appreciate that our Executive and wider staff team are some of the most dedicated and diligent people I've ever had the pleasure of working alongside, in a career which has included Chairing some 60 companies. I am extremely honoured and proud to be the current President of an Institute whose demographic, diversity and talent reflect the banking profession of today.

We undoubtedly find ourselves in a very different world from that of June 2019 (when I addressed last year's AGM). However, our professional qualifications and standards remain a differentiator for us, and the three key areas of focus I highlighted at that time, remain highly relevant to our 2025 plan, which our Board, Executive and wider staff teams and supporting banks are working hard to deliver, with your help. These areas of focus are:

- 1. Advancing our Royal Charter Mission: Ensuring the direction of travel that continues to educate and promote professionalism in our profession is key, so I'm delighted to see how our new Royal Charter has successfully modernised our Institute's governance. In June 2019, our former Governing Council structure was replaced by a new Board of Trustees. And importantly, a newly created Membership Forum was also established, which is a true reflection of the 30,000 members we collectively are, in the UK and worldwide. Crucially, this Forum is providing a pulse-beat analysis from our members.
- 2. International Influence and Collaboration: We have been building this through our partnerships with professional bodies in Australia, the Bahamas, Hong Kong, India, Ireland, Malaysia, Malta, New Zealand and Pakistan, and continuing to do so will remain a key focus of the Institute. We are now proud to have both student and professionally qualified members in over 100 countries across the globe, all of whom share a commitment to the *Chartered Banker Code of Professional Conduct*.
- **3. Green Finance Initiatives:** Given the importance of sustainable finance, underscored by the United Nations and the Governor of the Bank of England, among other central bankers, we will continue to stand full square behind the development of this.

After launching the *Green Finance Certificate*[™], the world's first benchmark qualification for green finance professionals, in 2018, we were one of the first organisations to endorse the *UN Principles for Responsible Banking*. We continue to promote the *Principles* to our members, and through our international networks.

Foreword by President of the Chartered Banker Institute, Bill McCall FCBI Continued

We have also been leading the formation of the *Green Finance Education Charter* (to be launched in Summer 2020). The *Charter* represents a significant commitment from national and international professional bodies to integrate green finance and sustainability into their core curricula, new qualifications and continued professional development (CPD) of members. I hope and indeed expect that in due course, so called 'green finance', will simply become mainstream.

In the year ended, we have also made considerable efforts to update and extend our qualification offering. We relaunched our *Professional Banker Certificate (PBC)*, the Institute's flagship introductory banking certificate. Our new *PBC* supports the emerging needs of banks and bankers in the digital era. We also expanded our qualification offering by launching *Chartered Banker by Experience* for experienced banking professionals, as a flexible, accelerated yet rigorous route to the highly sought after Chartered Banker status.

In the Autumn of 2019, the final of our annual Young Banker of the Year competition was held at the Mansion House in London, with Sarah Walker from Santander winning both the main prize, and the audience prize. Sarah's winning idea *MyDebtAdvisor* is an app that helps people to reduce their debt more quickly and minimise interest paid. Sarah's idea also demonstrates, in a very practical way, the social purpose of banking, helping to reconnect banks and society.

Through the work of the Chartered Body Alliance (the Alliance), with our counterparts at the Chartered Insurance Institute (CII) and the Chartered Institute for Securities and Investments (CISI), we have continued to raise the profile of Chartered status to financial services professionals and

other key stakeholders. The fact that all three CEOs have been sitting on H.M. Treasury's Financial Services Skills Taskforce (FSST) and the Financial Conduct Authority's (FCA) Purpose in Financial Services Working Group for the past year, demonstrates the rising influence of the Alliance, which culminated in the publishing of a *Final Report* by the FSST earlier this year and an *FCA essay series on purpose*, featuring both an Alliance and an Institute essay.

The Alliance is crucial to our reach and impact with regulators and policymakers, evidenced by the considerable efforts of the Alliance to persuade and challenge the FCA in respect to the upcoming FCA *Directory of Individuals*, which will now include reference to their respective professional standing and affiliation to accredited bodies, of which we are one.

To complement this, as part of our commitment to improving public trust in the sector, the Institute has launched a new *Register of Banking Professionals*. The *Register* has been designed to provide basic confirmation as to the professional standing of Institute members, including whether they have any approved status (qualified in retail investment advice or mortgage advice). The service has been warmly welcomed by the FCA and we hope that the public, and members, will find it simple to use.

Finally, to return to Covid-19, which is at the time of writing, dominating the news agenda – those choppy waters are with us, and uncertainty is all around for now. At some point, hopefully in the not too distant future, our focus will shift to mitigating and recovering from the financial impacts of the pandemic. Banks and bankers will play a key role alongside government to help rebuild businesses, communities and personal finances. Our sector, and our banking profession, is comprised of thoughtful, purposeful individuals, the overwhelming majority of whom (whether in the mutual or for-profit sector) come to work every day with the desire to support customers, their families and their businesses. Financial services professionals are collectively ready to play their part and show how much they care for society, and it's vital that we, as an Institute, support those engaged in this mammoth task, taking the necessary decisions to keep our people safe and providing for our members.

Our Institute has been through much and will deal with current challenges just as our predecessors have. I have a huge amount of respect for learning from the lessons of the past, while recognising that the future will demand different solutions.

My final words should be for the Institute staff, I could not be prouder to be your President and would like to offer our collective thanks for the significant effort you put into our Institute.

Bill McCall, FCBI

More Info: If you have any further questions about this *Annual Report* or anything relating to the Institute, please don't hesitate to get in touch with us at: <u>info@ charteredbanker.com</u>



Responsible Banking Trustees' Report

The Role of the Chartered Banker Institute

Responsible Banking for Professional Bankers

Our Institute – the first Institute of bankers in the world – was founded in 1875, over 145 years ago. In December 2018, we received a new, supplementary *Royal Charter* from HM The Queen, establishing ourselves as the Chartered Banker Institute, the UK's professional body for bankers with growing global impact and influence.

Becoming the Chartered Banker Institute provides us with an excellent opportunity to ensure we remain relevant to bankers across the UK and beyond, and gives our growing membership a new, global identity linked by a common commitment to high standards of professionalism in banking.

The objectives for which the Institute is constituted are set out in our *Royal Charter* as follows:

- To encourage the highest standards of professionalism and conduct amongst its members in the public interest;
- To improve and extend the knowledge and expertise of those engaged in banking and financial services;
- To conduct examinations and promote the continued study of banking and financial services in all their aspects and to award certificates to candidates who meet the standards laid down by the Institute;
- To establish links and to co-operate with other professional or educational bodies with a view to the pursuit of common objectives and to represent the banking profession both nationally and internationally.

Governance Changes

Our new *Royal Charter* modernised our Institute's governance and, in June 2019, we welcomed a new Board of Trustees. The Board is responsible for the overall governance, strategic direction and functioning of the

Institute as set out in the Institute's *Royal Charter, Rules and Regulations*, and its *Terms of Reference*. The Board is also responsible for ensuring the Institute's activities are compatible with its charitable aims, and that the Institute complies with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements.

Last year also saw the introduction of the Institute's new Membership Forum, which provides an opportunity for a large and diverse group of members to help shape the strategy and activities of the Institute.

Professional Standards

The Chartered Banker Professional Standards Board (CB:PSB) was conceived in 2008 against the backdrop of the global financial crisis. Prompted by the Institute, and Dame Susan Rice (CB:PSB Chair since its inception), Chairmen and CEOs agreed the need to work collectively to rebuild banking on a solid foundation of ethical professionalism. A decade later, the CB:PSB has delivered considerable success, including:

- A common *Code of Conduct* that covers around 600,000 individuals globally
- The *CB:PSB Foundation Standard*, the largest professionalism programme in modern banking, which was met and re-validated 845,548 times between 2013 and 2017
- The *Foundation Standard*, which 163,448 members met in 2018 (demonstrating its longevity and continuing appeal)
- An open architecture approach, which recognises the range of professional qualifications, pathways and providers that exist in banking.

Taking advantage of the opportunity provided by the new supplementary *Charter*, the work of the CB:PSB was transitioned into the Institute in June 2019, as CB:PSB member banks recognised that working with the Institute was now the most effective way to continue to enhance and sustain professionalism in banking.

Finally, in this arena in 2019, we also launched our new *Corporate Chartered Framework*. The *Framework* recognises banks that invest in the professionalism of their people and brings standards together with professional qualifications, CPD, peer networking and membership to provide seamless professional progression recognising both individuals and institutions.





With constant advances in technology and customer expectations, we continually review our framework of digital qualifications to ensure that they meet the ever-changing needs of the modern professional banker. Highlights of our 2019 advancements include the following...

The Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age

Leading to Chartered status, the *Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age* is the Institute's gold standard qualification. Developed by industry experts and informed by student feedback, the syllabus blends core banking skills with a technological edge, to help students develop the strategic judgement and expertise required when working in a digital age.

Each module within the *Advanced Diploma* is delivered via an interactive study guide, accessible online, which breaks the learning into bite-size units, offering a structured pathway for learners. At the end of each unit, students can complete an online knowledge check and receive feedback on their responses to confirm their understanding of key ideas.

A particular highlight of 2019 was the launch of each *Advanced Diploma* module as a qualification in its own right, resulting in the provision of five new qualifications:

- Certificate in Bank Strategy, Operations and Technology
- Certificate in Bank Risk Management
- Certificate in Professionalism and Ethics
- Certificate in Personal and Private Banking
- Certificate in Commercial Lending.

The *Certificates* give learners the flexibility to develop their skills in a core aspect of banking, and all credits attained by completing individual certificates can be used towards the full *Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age*.

Professional Banker Certificate

October 2019 saw the launch of our new version of the *Professional Banker Certificate* (PBC), the Institute's flagship introductory banking qualification. The programme of study that leads to the award of *PBC* has been renamed *Professional and Responsible Banking in a Digital Age* to better reflect its purpose and new content, which includes information on:

- The UN Principles for Responsible Banking
- What it means to be a professional in banking today
- The forces that are transforming the way we bank
- How banks are responding to meet the changing expectations of customers in an increasingly competitive environment
- The study and practice of core banking principles
- Responsible and sustainable banking.

The aim of the programme is to develop the learner's knowledge, understanding and skills relating to the business of banking in a digital age, so that they will be better able to apply those principles to help their bank deliver its strategy; perform well at work and serve customers, communities, and the wider environment well.

The programme is delivered online through our Learning Management System (LMS), which means that students can access the learning materials anywhere, anytime. Resources include:

- An interactive study guide for core reading and learning activities
- Interactive e-learning modules and quizzes
- Case studies, online resources and videos
- Recommended further reading
- Online knowledge checks, with feedback on responses to enhance learning and help students prepare for their exam.

Continued



Green Finance Certificate™

Managing climate-related risks and supporting the transition to a low-carbon world are our most significant global challenges. Addressing these requires the combined efforts of global bodies, national governments and the financial services sector, putting sustainability and stewardship at the heart of finance. To support the sector's continued growth, finance professionals need to develop and demonstrate the knowledge and expertise of green finance principles and practice. This will help to direct investments to support the transition to a low-carbon world; address climate-related risk and explore green finance opportunities.

Originally launched in 2018, our *Green Finance Certificate*[™] is the first global, benchmark qualification for the growing green finance sector. In 2019, we updated it to further develop financial services professionals' knowledge of the principles and practice of green finance, as well as the science behind it. This year, we will be launching a 2020 version of our green finance qualification – the *Certificate in Green and Sustainable Finance* – to ensure it continues to be up to date and relevant for our members and client banks.

Supported by *Principles and Practice of Green Finance*, the world's first *Green Finance Practitioner Guide*, the *Green Finance Certificate*[™] is delivered through our LMS via an online study guide that breaks up learning into bite-size units. The interactive e-learning modules include audio, video and short learning activities, and each unit is followed by a short concept-check test to ensure understanding of the material.

Experiential Route to Chartered Banker

Launched in the summer of 2018, our experiential route to Chartered Banker membership status – *Chartered Banker by Experience* – continues to prove popular, attracting new students both in the UK and internationally.

Chartered Banker by Experience provides the opportunity for experienced professionals to reflect on, and gain recognition for, their expertise, experience, and contribution to banking. It also allows them to consider how their career in banking and personal and professional development, can be shaped by participating in this programme – an accelerated and flexible, yet rigorous, route to becoming a qualified Chartered Banker.

Following successful pre-screening, candidates complete:

- A critical self-evaluation
- A professional ethics assignment
- A presentation
- Professional discussion.

They are supported and guided through the programme by our experienced assessors.

Apprenticeships

Apprenticeships in the UK offer a combination of work experience and structured learning, making them an attractive opportunity for both employers and individuals.

The Institute is proud to have been closely involved with the development of current apprenticeships.

- We support/participate in the Financial Services Advisory Board (FISAB) Apprenticeship workstream with financial services employers and Skills Development Scotland (SDS) to identify improvements; make recommendations for change and simplify/tailor the apprenticeship system for financial services employers.
- We are involved in the UK Chancellor's Financial Services Skills Taskforce (FSST).
- We are involved in the Scottish Apprenticeship Advisory Board (SAAB)'s Standards and Framework group with crosssectoral employers and leading Scottish skills agencies.

We are involved in the review of the Scottish Providing Financial Services Framework, with financial services employers and other key stakeholders.

We co-ordinated the production of an England/Scotland Apprenticeship Translation Tool and a report on the findings on behalf of seven financial services organisations. The Chartered Banker Institute is both a Professional Qualification Provider and an End-Point Assessment Organisation (EPAO) within the Apprenticeships Framework.

Five of our professional qualifications are approved for use within the UK Apprenticeship Standards. These are:

- Professional Banker Certificate (in Scotland only)
- Professional Banker Diploma
- Certificate in Complaint Handling
- Associate Chartered Banker Diploma
- Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age.

We work collaboratively with banks and training providers to offer advice and guidance relating to our professional qualifications during the development phase of apprenticeship provision.

End-Point Assessment

As an approved End-Point Assessment Organisation (EPAO), the Institute carries out the End-Point Assessment for the following standards:

- Level 2 Financial Services Customer Adviser
- Level 3 Senior Financial Services Customer Adviser
- Level 6 Relationship Manager (Banking)
- Level 7 Senior Investment/Commercial Banking Professional.

We support employers and training providers in administering apprenticeships by providing:

- Advice on the type and format of evidence and portfolio required for the End-Point Assessment
- Review of Gateway Assessment processes
- Formal End-Point Assessment
- Independent assurance that apprentices have successfully completed all components of an apprenticeship.

We are keen to drive forward our End-Point Assessment

service in 2020 to achieve new business and strengthen current relationships.

Accreditation and Certification

Our accredited routes and bespoke pathways developed for individual banks are core to the work we do with UK banking groups and are used towards gaining professional qualifications. During the financial year, 2,368 individuals attained the *Professional Banker Certificate* via accredited and bespoke routes.

This is a clear demonstration of the value placed on our external validation of the quality of internal learning programmes, both by banks and individual learners.

Our International Work

Our strategic work with the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (FINSIA) has been a major focus over the past

year, with significant qualification developments. *Professional Banker Fundamentals*, the entry level qualification, had a refresh and the range of intermediate technical modules available to achieve *Certified Professional Banker* status was widened to include business lending, personal lending and risk management.



At the advanced qualification level, 2019 saw the launch of the *Chartered Banker Diploma* featuring Australian-oriented content, derived from our flagship *Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age*. Australian bankers have also embraced the *Chartered Banker by Experience* qualification.





Continued



We also continued our close engagement with the Asian Institute of Chartered Bankers (AICB) in Malaysia, through educational development consultancy, examination delivery and

collaborative qualifications delivery.

AICB offers a varied range of qualifications, associated membership services including CPD, and networking and industry-wide conferences. An intense period of development through to 2021 will see the introduction of a new qualification framework, new membership and customer relationship management systems, as well as a move to new purpose-built premises.

The *Chartered Banker MBA*, delivered in partnership with Bangor University, remains popular, with students from over 80 countries. Likewise, our relationship with our colleagues in the Institute of Banking in Ireland is strong, with over 596 Chartered Bankers registered as international members.

International partnership arrangements have been set up in countries including Portugal, Hong Kong and Singapore. Building on the *Memorandum of Understanding* between the City of London Corporation and the Monetary Authority of Singapore to deepen collaboration in financial services, we have been working with the Institute of Banking & Finance in Singapore to accredit and launch the *Green Finance Certificate*[™].

UK Academic Partnerships

In the UK, 10 universities are now recognised as Centres of Excellence, with the welcome addition of the University of St Andrews in 2019.



The Centres of Excellence scheme enables appropriate degrees to be formally accredited, offering accelerated pathways to qualifications or to the award of membership status. To meet the Centre of Excellence criteria, a university must have a relevant banking and finance degree accredited against the *Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age*; host jointly branded professional networking events and collaborate on areas of research which are of interest to our membership.

A further five universities are recognised as Accredited Universities by having accredited programmes, with Cranfield School of Management and Coventry University added in 2019. Over 275 students are currently undertaking accredited programmes and progressing through their studies.



Engaging with our Members



Over the last year, the Institute has been working to establish and develop its new Membership Forum. This is an advisory group, responsible for representing members and ensuring their views are appropriately reflected in the direction and activities of the Institute. Following the recruitment process, we brought together 31 individuals based both in the UK and internationally, representing a broad cross-section of the Institute membership. The Forum has already discussed a range of issues, including the public interest role of the Institute, future skills requirements and building new employer-based networks for member engagement.

Continuing Professional Development

Over the last year we have retained our member-centric focus in relation to development, delivery methods and accessibility for continuing professional development (CPD) content. We have also been working to make greater use of the Institute's Learning Management System (LMS).

A tailored CPD programme, focused on professionalism and ethics, was launched in 2019 to a 'large-scale' membership population of 9,000 individuals. This was well received and scored strongly on role-relevance and on delivering benefits to customers. We have also developed a follow-up programme for 2020, which was launched in January.

The Institute's *e-CC toolkit* has been expanded and enhanced with the addition of new resources relating to vulnerable customers and ethical issues in banking and technology. We've also added the new *Ethics Assessment*, a short course which aims to provide members with the confidence to apply the Institute's *Code of Professional Conduct* to different aspects of their working practice.

The *e-CPD toolkit* (our leadership, management and personal development resources toolkit) has also been regularly updated with topical content. In total, more than 11,000 resources have been accessed across the *e-CC* and *e-CPD toolkits* in the past year.

The Institute's *BrightTALK* channel now hosts 49 on-demand webcasts covering a wide range of topics. These have gained over 4,600 subscribers and attract organic views of around 48% compared to the platform average of 17% – a strong indicator of content relevance. New content added this year includes a focus on promoting integrity in organisations, protecting vulnerable customers and how to help women and girls improve their financial futures.

Following feedback from our Professional Financial Adviser members, the Institute has moved to Competent Adviser (CA) for the provision of specialist CPD resources to regulated financial advisers. CA has developed innovative tools to help users assess and maintain their competence, and its reporting suite can also provide the evidence required by members to demonstrate compliance with the sector's regulatory requirements.

2025 Foundation

During 2019 we continued to promote and develop the work of the 2025 Foundation, which aims to provide young people and individuals historically under-represented in the banking profession with opportunities to pursue a career in banking. These include individuals from minority groups and specific socio-economic backgrounds who would not normally consider a career in the banking profession. Put simply, the Foundation's aim is to change lives.

To date, the Foundation has raised approximately £220,000, and our first small group of scholars who we are supporting through their university education, has been on-boarded through our partnership with the Robertson Trust. Our intention is to support another group of a similar or larger number from the start of the 2020-21 academic year.

We are also currently in the process of trying to establish a partnership with another charitable foundation and a group of banks, through which the 2025 Foundation will help co-fund an established programme for 17-18 year–olds and tailor this for the banking sector (including the addition of banking qualifications and mentoring from the 2025 Foundation).

Engaging with our Members

Member Communications and Research

In addition to the work with the Membership Forum, the Institute published the results of its 2019 *Diversity and Progression Report,* conducted in partnership with The Finance Foundation. This revealed that for men and women working in financial services, there are clear opportunities for progression, according to 70% of respondents.

However, for ethnic minority respondents, only half agreed that they had a good access to progression in the industry, with over 40% identifying unconscious bias as the leading issue that needs tackling, supported by diversity and inclusion training for all staff. As well as career progression, the survey captured the views of Institute members on pay negotiation and transparency, gender and ethnicity.

Additional survey activity looked at volunteering and there was also a piece of research with participants in a large-scale bespoke CPD programme. This indicated that members recognised significant benefits to customers and their own development from participating in CPD.

The Institute's *Chartered Banker* magazine was relaunched in a new quarterly format in 2019, following extensive consultation. Not only was there a complete redesign but also a full content review with new features added, longer more in-depth articles and a greater number of contributions from Institute members, including our *Institute Advocates* series.

The past year also saw the Institute's blog firmly established, with 73 articles posted across the year. The blog features articles that investigate key issues, both in the UK and globally, providing insight into current and topical sector

news, and offering focused reports to support professional development and understanding of wider banking matters. Both our magazine and blog are fully aligned with the Institute's thought leadership plan, which also influences the content of our annual event and webcast programmes.

Digital Transformation

The Institute operates a 'digital first' strategy, which prioritises delivering web-based services for members but also requires us to look differently at everything we do. By focusing on simplification and automation, wherever possible, we aim to build capacity within the organisation but above all to find opportunities to enhance the member experience.

One of the most significant projects undertaken so far has been the establishment of a new partnership with Pearson VUE for the delivery of our exams across the UK and internationally. Although members saw a smooth transition with very little change to the booking process, the new partnership will allow our members to take their exams in nearly 200 locations across the UK and Ireland, along with a large network internationally. It also offers learners the opportunity to take their exams at home or in the office via remote proctoring.

As part of our commitment to improving public trust in the sector, we were also pleased to launch a new *Register of Banking Professionals* on our website. The *Register* will return basic information about any qualified member eligible for a *Certificate of Professionalism*, showing their grade of membership, the organisation they work for, and whether they have any approved status (qualified in retail investment advice or mortgage advice).



Recognising and Rewarding Emerging Talent

The UK-wide Young Banker of the Year competition, which sees the banking sector put forward its highest calibre of candidates, is always a highlight in the Institute's annual events calendar. Once again, we were extremely impressed by the calibre of entries received in 2019.

The final of the competition returned to London's Mansion House where the finalists included Lauren Fuller and Paul MacLean from the Royal Bank of Scotland, and NatWest's Nika Muller. However, the accolade of Chartered Banker Young Banker of the Year 2019 went to Sarah Walker from Santander.



Dur membership

11/

to members all over

the world

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Engaging with our Members Continued



We also answered the following enquiries from our members:



emails



Building Influence

Thought Leadership

Thought leadership plays an important role in helping to build the Institute's reputation with key stakeholders and influencers as the voice of responsible and sustainable professionalism. Our four key themes, supporting the overall aims and objectives of the Institute, are:

- Sustainable Banker
- Digital Banker
- Future Banker
- Ethical/Responsible Banker.

During the year, we developed thought leadership in support of all four areas, with highlights including: an FCA blog on *FCA Innovate* and the *Green FinTech Challenge*; our most popular blog, which featured our CEO writing about the *UN Principles for Responsible Banking*; and the most popular resource on our website, a video of an event we held jointly with the Bank of England.

Another key highlight was the publication of our *Sustainable Finance Essay Series* with the Social Market Foundation (SMF) think-tank. The *Essay Series* included a collection of essays from global green finance leaders and received considerable press coverage in the *Financial Times, Telegraph* and *CityAM*.

We also published a new *Diversity and Progression Report*, which emphasised the need for behavioural change to support ethnic diversity and progression.

Financial Services Skills Taskforce

Throughout 2019, our CEO sat on the HM Treasury's Financial Services Skills Taskforce (FSST). This concluded in the publishing of a *Final Report* by the FSST in January 2020. Moving forwards, a new skills agency, the Financial Services Skills Commission (FSSC), has been established to carry forward the *Report's* recommendations.

FCA Purpose Workstream

Our CEO led the 'round tables' for the retail banking sector as part of the FCA's Purpose Working Group, which culminated in the publication of the *Transforming Culture in Financial Services – Driving Purposeful Cultures* discussion paper. There was a high level of engagement in this work from across the sector, including representatives from banks, building societies, credit unions, customer groups and a wide range of other stakeholders.

Member Conduct

At the Institute we believe that ensuring our members comply with the Institute's *Code of Professional Conduct* is an important step towards enhancing and sustaining confidence and trust in our profession. To ensure that these standards are upheld, the Institute regretfully initiated disciplinary action against 11 members during the year.

- 10 members, admitted minor breaches of the *Code of Professional Conduct*, were admonished and accepted sanctions imposed by the Institute.
- 1 member was found to have breached the Institute's *Code of Professional Conduct* following investigation by Disciplinary Committees. Appropriate sanctions were applied.

Throughout the year we published:

research paper titled Diversity: Pay, Progression and Gender

special reports



19 videos

Building Capability at the Institute



Financial Review and Results

During the year ended 29 February 2020, the Institute recorded a turnover of £4.57m (2019: £4.83m).

During the year ended 29 February 2020, the Institute had net outgoing resources of £96,339 (2019: net outgoing resources of £446,045).

The Institute has net assets at 29 February 2020 of £3,273,649 (2019: £3,369,988).

Having built up a strong reserves position in previous years, due to recording significant surpluses, the Institute made significant investments and spending decisions in 2018 and 2019. These mainly supported the development of new qualifications, including the *Advanced Diploma in Banking and Leadership in a Digital Age*, and the *Green Finance Certificate*[™], including the capability of staff and technology to deliver these.

Investment Policy

The cash reserves of the Institute are held in interestbearing accounts. Trustees keep this arrangement under regular review and pay particular attention to the requirements to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained to enable the Institute to manage its commitments.

Reserves Policy

The Institute's *Reserves Policy* requires that readily realisable reserves be maintained at a level that ensures the Institute's core activities could continue during a period of unforeseen difficulty. Council considers that readily realisable reserves should normally be maintained to achieve this desired level, at approximately 6 months of expected future total resources expended.

The balance held as unrestricted funds at 29 February 2020 was £3,228,618, of which £1,833,210 is regarded as free reserves, after allowing for funds retained in tangible fixed assets and investments. The Trustees consider the level of free reserves to be sufficient to comply with the *Reserves Policy*.

The Trustees consider the reserve requirements of the restricted funds separately. The income from the restricted CB:PSB funds is generated from support which was pledged until June 2019. The CB:PSB funds retained at 29 February were nil, against an annual spend of £305,850. Other restricted funds retained at 29 February amounted to £45,031 against an annual spend of £900.

Risk Management

As a Chartered, professional body with an objective of raising standards of professionalism in banking, the Institute has a cautious and prudent approach to its activities, seeking to manage for the long term with a low appetite for risk.

Oversight of the Institute's Risk Management policies and procedures, including financial control systems and procedures, is delegated to the Audit and Risk Committee, which has taken over responsibility from the former Audit Committee, and reports to the Board of Trustees on this matter. The former Audit Committee undertook a full review of the governance and management of risk in 2014, creating a new *Risk Register*, risk scoring methodology and *Risk Treatment Plans* for those risks categorised as high. The *Risk Register* and *Risk Treatment Plans* are reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee at each of their meetings and the annual *Risk Report* is considered by the Board of Trustees. In line with good practice elsewhere, identifying, monitoring, mitigating and managing risk is fully incorporated into the operational and management processes of the Institute. The Institute's Chief Executive and Directors discuss risk at their regular leadership meetings, where the full *Risk Register* and detailed *Risk Treatment Plans* for risks identified as 'high' are reviewed.

The Institute's new Audit and Risk Committee will review the current approach during 2020, with the intention of enhancing the governance and management of risk still further.

The Audit and Risk Committee believes that, for the current year, the risks identified appear to be appropriate to the Institute's risk appetite, size and the nature of its operations, and that where major risks have been identified, appropriate plans have been made, and are being implemented, to mitigate these as far as possible.



Financial Review and Results

The Chief Executive, Directors and Trustees have identified the following key risks and uncertainties facing the Institute over the next 12 months...

i) Covid-19

At the time of writing, the Covid-19 pandemic has already had a major impact on banking, business, education and society during 2020, and will likely have a significant impact on the Institute too.

The safety and wellbeing of our members, students, staff and partners is our key priority. Our investments in recent years in remote working, delivery and assessment capabilities, mean that we are able to support colleagues, members and students in working and studying from home, and early indications are that this is proving successful.

We anticipate that the pandemic will impact on student recruitment and progression, particularly in the second half of the year should restrictions on movement and economic activity continue. This may prove particularly challenging for some of our international partners who rely on traditional examination diets and who can't easily switch to remote invigilation.

It will also substantially impact our UK university partners in terms of student recruitment. This could have a significant financial impact on the Institute, and we are planning, therefore, for a wide range of scenarios to make sure that we can continue to support our members, students, staff and partners during challenging times.

ii) Economic Uncertainty and Volatility

A significant and sustained economic downturn would be likely to lead to a fall in student enrolments and Institute membership. To counter this, we adopt a prudent approach to diversification, including increasing international and online enrolments, to seek to mitigate as far as possible any possible downturn. Our digital transformation, optimisation and restructuring, completed during 2019, means we are well-placed compared with peers to cope with a challenging economic environment.

iii) Member Conduct Issues

Unprofessional behaviour by members, particularly members in senior positions in the banking industry, could impact negatively on the Institute's reputation and bring the Institute into disrepute. We continually review regulatory investigations and decisions where they may involve Institute members. In addition to more rigorous disciplinary regulations introduced in 2015, a wide range of resources to help members identify, understand and work through ethical dilemmas has been introduced, and is continually being updated. Further enhanced processes (including interviews) for new Fellowship applications and reinstatements have been introduced to help reinforce appropriate member conduct to an even greater degree.



Future Plans

Each year, the Board of Trustees reviews the strategic purpose and aims of the Institute to ensure they remain relevant and fit for purpose. In September 2019, Trustees reviewed the Institute's five-year *Strategic Plan*, and began the development of the Institute's *Annual Business Plan* for 2020-21 to ensure both remain wellaligned to the Institute's *Royal Charter* and strategic purpose, and that the Institute remains relevant and fit for purpose.

The Institute's strategic purpose remains unchanged. It is to lead the re-professionalisation of UK banking, and to play a significant role in re-professionalising banking internationally, contributing through this to rebuilding confidence and trust in banks and bankers, and restoring pride in the banking profession. In support of this purpose, our key aims are to:

Enhance and sustain professional standards in banking

- as the recognised and growing professional standardsetting body for individuals (a) working in UK banking, and, (b) overseas; and
- by growing professional membership and providing initial and continuing professional development to individuals to help them develop and demonstrate professional and technical competence.

Enhance the quality and provision of banking education

- by developing our role as the awarding, accrediting, assessment and certification body for banking education and development programmes in the UK and internationally; and
- by increasing the number of Institute learning partners in the UK and overseas offering high-quality learning and development programmes to help individuals achieve an Institute qualification and professional membership.

Our focus in 2020 will shift slightly, however, with a key priority being to support the continued development of green and sustainable finance, and responsible banking. The UN Climate Change Conference 2020 (COP 26) was due to be held in the UK (in Glasgow) in November 2020 and will now take place in 2021; we will support global and national policymakers and regulators in building green and sustainable finance capability in the UK and internationally through education and training.

The Institute was one of the earliest endorsers of the UN Principles for Responsible Banking in September 2019, and we will also embed these, and the UN Sustainable Development Goals within relevant education and training programmes, and the Institute's activities more broadly. In our view, **'responsible banking requires professional bankers'**, and this is a key message that we will seek to promote and disseminate throughout the year. While the Institute's main area of operations remains in and on the UK, we will continue to play a more active role internationally, working both directly overseas and with carefully chosen international partners. Our intention is that by 2023, approximately 60% of our efforts and resources will be focused on the UK, and 40% will be focused internationally.

In addition to our work in Australia and Malaysia, we plan to launch a number of additional partnerships during the year, some focused on green and sustainable finance. The main aim of our international activities with partners and local banking institutions is to gain international recognition for the Institute and the Chartered Banker brand as the global standard-setter for building future banker capability. It will also reduce our dependency on a single national market and help us to maintain our status as an independent and sustainable professional body.

The short-term impacts of Covid-19 may affect our ability to support members, students, banks and our UK and international partners, although our recent investments in remote working, delivery and assessment mean we are in a stronger position than most to continue to deliver education and member services in the UK and globally.

In the longer term, though, we see an important, emerging role for the Institute in helping banks and bankers to support vulnerable customers, communities and businesses to recover and to rebuild lives. We plan to develop a range of educational and other resources for members and students to help them help those who will be most in need during very challenging times. We also plan to adapt these resources and make them available to others who can make use of them.



Legal and Administrative Information

Chartered Banker Institute is a Charitable Body, number: SC013927. The Institute was founded in 1875 as an unincorporated body. In 1975, it received a *Royal Charter of Incorporation*, and *Supplementary Charters* were obtained in 1991 and 2018.

The Institute's principal office is at Drumsheugh House, 38b Drumsheugh Gardens, Edinburgh EH3 7SW. It also has an office at 2nd Floor, Bengal Wing, 9A Devonshire Square, London, EC2M 4YN.

We are grateful to the members of the previous Council of the Institute who helped oversee the successful transition to the Chartered Banker Institute and our new governance model. Council members serving between March and June 2019, when the Council was replaced by the new Board of Trustees, were:

President

R Dickie FCBI (re-elected 15 June 2017) (elected as President 15 June 2017)

Vice Presidents

W McCall FCBI, Chairman, McCall & Partners (re-elected 23 June 2016) (re-elected as Vice President 15 June 2017)

K Falconer FCBI (re-elected 20 June 2015) (re-elected as Vice President 15 June 2017)

S Pateman FCBI, CEO, The Aurora Group (elected 25 June 2015) (elected Vice President 15 June 2017)

Council Elected and Appointed

S Alexander FCBI, Chief Operating Officer, Hampden & Co (elected 23 June 2016)

A Brener FCBI (elected 23 June 2016)

R Bulloch FCBI, Managing Director, Lloyds Bank and Bank of Scotland, Retail (appointed December 2015)

S Gunn, Vice Chair Wheatley Group (appointed 26 June 2014)

I Hardcastle FCBI, (appointed 25 June 2015)

D May FCBI (appointed December 2016)

B McCrindle FCBI (elected 23 June 2016)

G McGregor FCBI, Head of Partner Management, Retail Chief Operating Office, Lloyds Banking Group (re-elected 23 June 2016)

W MacDonald FCBI, Managing Director, Craigcrook Management Services Limited (elected 23 June 2016)

H McKay FCBI (appointed 23 June 2016)

S Thompson FCBI, Chief Executive, Chartered Banker Institute (ex-officio)

S Younger, Chairwoman, Cairn Mhor (re-elected 25 June 2015)

The charity Trustees (otherwise known as members of the Board) at present, together with any others who served in the year, and the committees on which they serve, are:

President

W McCall FCBI, Chairman, McCall & Partners (elected as President 20 June 2019 -2021)

Vice Presidents

S Pateman FCBI, CEO, The Aurora Group (re-elected Vice President 20 June 2019) **ARC**

Lynne Burns FCBI, Head of HR, HSBC UK Bank plc (elected 20 June 2019) **RC**, **LDB**

Board of Trustees Elected and Appointed

R Bulloch FCBI, Managing Director, Lloyds Bank and Bank of Scotland, Retail (appointed June 2019) **NC**, **LDB**

S Gunn, Vice Chair, Wheatley Group (appointed 20 June 2019 **LM**) **RC**, **ARC**

I Hardcastle FCBI (appointed 20 June 2019) LDB

D May FCBI (appointed 20 June 2019) NC, MF

B McCrindle FCBI (appointed 20 June 2019) ARC

H McKay FCBI (appointed 20 June 2019) RC, NC

P Riseborough FCBI, Chief Commercial Officer, Metro Bank (appointed 20 June 2019) **NC**, **LDB**

Legal and Administrative Information

P McCormack FCBI (appointed 20 June 2019) ARC, LDB

S Pearson FCBI, Senior Business Advisor, Virgin StartUp (appointed 20 June 2019)

S Thompson FCBI, Chief Executive, Chartered Banker Institute (ex-officio)

S Younger, Chairwoman, Cairn Mhor (appointed 20 June 2019 **LM**) **NC QSC**

KEY	
LM	Lay member
ARC	Member of Audit & Risk Committee
LDB	Member of Learning and Development Board
NC	Member of Nominations Committee
QSC	Member of Quality and Standards Committee
RC	Member of Remuneration Committee
MF	Member of Membership Forum

Executive Team

Simon Thompson FCBI (Chief Executive)

Colin Morrison FCBI (Deputy Chief Executive – retired December 2019)

Giles Cuthbert (Managing Director, Chartered Banker Institute)

Joanne Murphy MBA MCBI (Chief Operating Officer)

Agents and Advisors

 Auditor: Chiene + Tait LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor, 61 Dublin Street, Edinburgh EH3 6NL
Bankers: Bank of Scotland, 38 St Andrew Square, Edinburgh EH2 2YR

Structure, Governance and Management

In line with the Institute's new supplementary *Charter*, following our June 2019 AGM, the Institute is governed by the Board of Trustees (the charity Trustees) ultimately responsible for the management and administration of the Institute, its property and affairs, except where the *Royal Charter* or *Rules* prescribe that approval is required by the Institute in General Meeting.

Between March and June 2019, the Institute was governed by the previous Council of the Institute who helped oversee the successful transition to the Chartered Banker Institute and our new governance model.

The powers of the Board of Trustees include the ability to appoint from its number such committees as are required for the conduct of business, and to delegate to these committees such powers as it considers appropriate. The main committees and their responsibilities as of 29 February 2019 are:

Audit and Risk Committee: Monitors the integrity of the financial statements of the Institute; reviews and approves the *Annual Report* for recommendation to Council; reviews the effectiveness of the Institute's internal controls and risk management systems and oversees the relationship with the external auditors.

Learning and Development Board: Provides advice and guidance on the design, development and delivery of the Institute's education programmes and approves the structure and content of programmes and any regulations which govern them. Nominations Committee: Makes recommendations to Council on succession planning for office bearers and Executive positions; makes recommendations on the nomination of new Council members and their subsequent re-appointment; makes recommendations on membership of the Audit and Remuneration Committees; makes recommendations on the recruitment of the Membership Forum.

Quality and Standards Committee: Develops and implements a quality assurance framework and monitors the standards and quality of Institute provision.

Remuneration Committee: Reviews, assesses and recommends to the Executive Committee the level and constituent elements of remuneration to be paid to Institute Directors.

Disciplinary Committee: Adjudicates alleged breaches of the Institute's *Code of Professional Conduct* and imposes any sanctions that might be appropriate. (Members of Disciplinary Committees are chosen from a panel of Fellows, Members and legal professionals, who are not members of the Board of Trustees.)

Membership Forum: Responsible for representing the membership and ensuring that members' views are appropriately reflected in the direction and activities of the Institute. The Membership Forum also plays an important role in promoting the Institute and the benefits of membership within the banking industry.

Each of these committees reports directly to the Board of Trustees, which approves major decisions and has overall responsibility for all the Institute's activities.

In addition, the Institute has established, oversees or supports the work of a number of other bodies, including:

Chartered Banker 2025 Foundation: Established in anticipation of the Chartered Banker Institute's 150th anniversary in 2025 and aligned with the original aims of the Institute: the promotion of education and development of young bankers entering the profession. Chaired by David Thorburn FCBI, a former Institute President, and overseen by a committee of Council members and Fellows, the Foundation aims to raise £1m by 2025 to identify and support talented young people who would benefit from financial and other help to pursue a career in banking.

Committee of Scottish Bankers (CSCB): Formerly the Committee of Scottish Clearing Bankers, the CSCB is an independent association of its member banks governed by an Executive Management Committee, comprising senior representatives of full member banks, and the Institute's Chief Executive. The Institute provides a small secretariat to support the activities of the CSCB under a management contract.

The Institute's *Rules* state that the Board shall consist of up to 11 Trustees who are members of the Institute, plus two or more Independent (lay) Trustees. A Chair and two Vice Chairs are elected by the Institute in General Meeting from among the Trustees. The powers and composition of the Board of Trustees, periods of office, terms of re-appointment and re-election are prescribed in the *Rules*.

All Trustees are recruited by open selection. The recruitment process is overseen by the Nominations Committee, which proposes Institute members possessing the expertise, experience and skills required. The Nominations Committee publishes its recommendations for appointment to the Board of Trustees in advance of the Annual General Meeting, and all appointments are approved by the Annual General Meeting.

Trustees (including Independent Trustees) hold office for three years from the date of the Annual General Meeting approving their appointment and are eligible for re-election for one further term. Trustees may be re-appointed for a third term when this would enable them to assume the Presidency/Vice-Presidency, or in other exceptional circumstances, subject to the approval of the Nominations Committee and the Annual General Meeting. In March 2020, the Board of Trustees agreed that, in the light of the exceptional circumstances caused by the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic, recruitment of new Trustees to join the Board in June 2020 would be paused and reviewed later in the year. Existing Trustees due to retire from the Board in June 2020 would have their terms of appointment extended until such time as new Trustees could be recruited and inducted.

Any vacancy on the Board arising before the expiry of a Trustee's term of office may be filled by an individual co-opted by the Nominations Committee. The individual thus co-opted shall serve as a Trustee until the date of the Annual General Meeting following their co-option.

New Board members receive an induction pack to acquaint them with the Institute's aims and activities; its policies and practice, management and governance; and also, with what is expected of them as Trustees under charity law, with particular reference to the requirements of *The Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005* and the guidance issued by the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR).

The Board as a whole and Trustees individually are subject to regular performance reviews, overseen by the Nominations Committee, to encourage and enhance Board and Trustee effectiveness.

Continued

Council Attendance in 2019: January – May

		Due for re-election+	Council attendance in 2019
Nominated to represent the Founder Patrons	Robin Bulloch	n/a	
	David May	n/a	
President	Robert Dickie (Jan to May)	n/a	2
Fellow Representatives (elected)	Stuart Alexander	n/a	0
	Alan Brener	n/a	1
	Kerry Falconer	n/a	1
	Ian Hardcastle	n/a	1
	Bill McCall	n/a	2
	Brian McCrindle	n/a	2
	Gary McGregor	n/a	2
	Hugh McKay	n/a	1
	Steve Pateman	n/a	2
Member Representatives (elected)	William MacDonald	n/a	2
Lay Members	Sheila Gunn	n/a	1
	Susan Younger	n/a	1
Ex-Officio Members	Simon Thompson	n/a	2

+Council replaced by a new Board of Trustees following the Annual General Meeting in June 2019

Continued

Board of Trustees Attendance: June 2019 – February 2020

		Due for re-appointment	Council attendance in 2019	
President	Bill McCall (June)	2021	2	
Vice Presidents	Steve Pateman	2021	1	
	Lynne Burns	2021	1	
Board of Trustees	Ian Hardcastle	2021	2	
	Brian McCrindle	2020	2	
	Hugh McKay	2020	2	
	Robin Bulloch	2021	1	
	David May	2021	2	
	Peter McCormack	2022	2	
	Steve Pearson	2020	2	
	Paul Riseborough	2022	1	
	Sheila Gunn	2021	1	
	Susan Younger	2020	2	
Ex-Officio Members	Simon Thompson			

Continued

Key Management and Remuneration Policy

The Institute considers its key management personnel to be its Chief Executive, Simon Thompson and the following Directors: Colin Morrison, Deputy Chief Executive (retired December 2019), Giles Cuthbert, Managing Director and Joanne Murphy, Chief Operating Officer. The total employment benefits of key management personnel for the year 2019/20 were £559,282.

Remuneration of the Chief Executive and Directors is set by the Institute's Remuneration Committee. The Committee approves the payment of annual bonuses to the Chief Executive and Directors, in line with the *Institute's Discretionary Bonus Policy* applicable to all colleagues, and recommends an appropriate level of annual salary payable to the Chief Executive and Directors, in line with similar roles in similar institutions.

Trustees' Responsibilities Statements

The Board is responsible for preparing the *Annual Report* and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and *United Kingdom Accounting Standards* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in Scotland requires the Board to prepare *financial statements* for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the Charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- Observe the methods and principles in the *Charities SORP*
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the *financial statements*, comply with the *Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006* (as amended) and *the provisions of the Charity's Founding Deed*. The Trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Charity and financial information included on the Charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the Institute

Bill McCall FCBI, President

Simon Thanpson

Simon Thompson FCBI, Chief Executive 9 May 2020

Responsible Banking Independent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees of the Chartered Banker Institute

Opinion

We have audited the accounts of the Chartered Banker Institute for the year ended 29 February 2020, which comprise the *Statement of Financial Activities*, the *Balance Sheet*, the *Statement of Cash Flows* and the notes to the accounts, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and *United Kingdom Accounting Standards*, including *Financial Reporting Standard 102*, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the accounts:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 29 February 2020, and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Charities and Trustee Investment* (Scotland) Act 2005 and Regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *International Standards on Auditing* (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Accounts' section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the accounts in the UK, including the FRC's *Ethical Standard*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you, where:

- The Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the accounts is not appropriate; or
- The Trustees have not disclosed in the accounts any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least 12 months from the date when the accounts are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the *Trustees' Annual Report*, other than the accounts and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the accounts, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the accounts or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially mis-stated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material mis-statements, we are required to determine whether there is a material mis-statement in the accounts or a material mis-statement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material mis-statement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the *Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006* require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The information given in the accounts is inconsistent in any material respect with the *Trustees' Report*; or
- Proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- The accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Trustees of the Chartered Banker Institute

Continued

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the *Trustees' Responsibilities Statement* set out on page 29, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of accounts which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of accounts that are free from material mis-statement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the accounts, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts

We have been appointed as auditor under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and report in accordance with regulations made under that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the accounts as a whole are free from material mis-statement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an *Auditor's Report* that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material mis-statement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these accounts.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the accounts is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: **www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities** (this description forms part of our *Auditor's Report*).

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Charity's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with *Regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.* Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Charity's Trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an *Auditor's Report* and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Charity and the Charity's Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Thiere & Tart

Chiene + Tait LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 61 Dublin Street Edinburgh EH3 6NL 9 May 2020

Chiene + Tait LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of *Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006*

Responsible Banking Statement of Financial Activities

Statement of ANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Statement of financial activities

		Notes	General Funds £	Restricted Funds F	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Income and endownments from:				-	-	-
Charitable activities	Membership subscriptions Education programmes Events, meetings and special projects	2 3	1,077,069 3,214,776 2,193	83,332	1,077,069 3,214,776 85,525	737,519 3,297,546 521,195
Other Trading Activities						
	Corporate Patronage Management fee Rent		30,000 156,931 -	- -	30,000 156,931 -	120,000 149,669 -
Investment			5,546	207	5,753	4,896
Other		4	-	-	-	-
Total income		5	4,486,515	83,539	4,570,054	4,830,825
Expenditure on						
Raising funds		6	191,848	-	191,848	179,906
Charitable activities	Membership subscriptions Education programmes Events, meetings and special projects	6 6 6	919,114 3,060,529 187,350 4,166,993	- 306,750 306,750	919,114 3,060,529 <u>494,100</u> 4,473,743	579,016 3,824,345 <u>693,209</u> 5,096,570
Total Expenditure		6	4,358,841	306,750	4,665,591	5,276,476
Net (expenditure)/income and net movement in funds for year Unrealised (losses)/gains on investment assets	before gains and losses on investments		127,675	(223,211) (802)	(95,537) (802)	(445,651) (394)
Net expenditure and movement in funds		7	127,675	(224,013)	(96,339)	(446,045)
Funds Reconciliation Total funds at 1 March 2019			3,100,944	269,044	3,369,988	3,816,033
Total funds at 29 February 2020			3,228,618	45,031	3,273,649	3,369,989

All of the charity's activities are continuing. The notes to the accounts on pages 39 to 53 form part of these accounts

Responsible Banking Balance Sheet

BALANCE SHEFT as at 29 February 2020

Balance sheet as at 29 February 2020

		Notes	2020 f	2019 f	
Fixed Assets			-	-	
	Tangible Fixed Assets Investments	9 10	1,392,215 <u>3,193</u> 1,395,408	1,532,654 <u>3,996</u> 1,536,650	
Current Assets					
	Stocks Debtors Cash and Bank Balances	11 12	48,625 1,191,888 <u>1,219,973</u> 2,460,486	44,052 1,283,477 <u>1,361,838</u> 2,689,367	Approved by the Trustees of the Institute and signed on their behalf by:
Current Liabilities					hale .
Creditors	Amounts falling due within one year	13	(582,245)	(856,029)	VIIm
Net Current Assets			1,878,241	1,833,337	•
Net Assets			3,273,649	3,369,988	Bill McCall FCBI President
The Funds Of The Charity					President
Restricted Funds					Simon Thompson.
Unrestricted Funds	Prize Funds Professional Standards Board Other Restricted Funds	17 17 18	22,202 22,828	23,698 222,518 22,828	Simon Thompson FCBI Chief Executive
	Accumulated Fund 2025 Foundation Revaluation Reserve	18 18 18	2,388,268 206,469 633,882	2,262,786 204,276 633,882	The notes to the accounts on pages 39 to 53 form part of these accounts.
Total Charity Funds		_	3,273,649	3,369,988	
Responsible Banking Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of FLOWS

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 29 February 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Cash used in operating activities Net movement in funds Add depreciation (Gain)/loss on sale of asset	(96,339) 209,706 17,292	(446,045) 218,686 -
(Gain)/loss on sale of heritage asset Deduct investment income Add revaluation losses/(gains) Decrease/(Increase) in debtors (Decrease)/Increase in creditors	(5,753) 802 91,592 (273,784)	(4,896) 394 (69,472) (383,665)
Decrease in stock	(4,573)	25,393
Net cash used in operating activities	(61,056)	(659,605)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of fixed asset Interest and dividends received	(106,631) 20,070 5,753	(346,514) 12,971 <u>4,896</u>
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(80,808)	(328,647)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the year	(141,865)	(988,252)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at start of year Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,361,838 (141,865) 1,219,973	2,350,090 (988,252) 1,361,838

		_	Non Casł	n Changes	
Analysis of Changes in Net Debt	2019	Cash Flows	Finance Leases	Other Changes	2020
	£	£	£	£	£
Long-term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings Short-term borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	1,361,838	141,865			1,219,973
Total net debt	1,361,838	141,865			1,219,973

Responsible Banking Notes to the Accounts

Motes to E ACCOUNTS

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include investments and heritage assets at market value. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the revised Statement of Recommended Practice for Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) – (*Charities SORP* (FRS 102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Trustees have assessed the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern and are aware of the significant impact that the current Covid-19 pandemic may have on operations. The Trustees are planning for a wide range of scenarios to make sure that the Institute can continue to support its members, students, staff and partners during the current challenging time. The Trustees have reasonable expectation that the Institute has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Taxation

The Institute obtained charitable status for tax purposes in June 1980.

Funds structure

Restricted prize funds, and other restricted funds, are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by the donor.

The unrestricted funds comprise those funds which the Trustees are free to use for any purpose in furtherance of the charitable objects. Designated funds are unrestricted funds that have been earmarked for a particular purpose by Council members.

Transfers may be made from unrestricted to restricted funds at the discretion of Trustees.

Further details of each fund are disclosed in note 19.

Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the *Statement of Financial Activities* when the Institute is entitled to the income, it is probable the income will be received and the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- Subscriptions, contributions and educational income are accounted for on an accruals basis, after adjustments for any deferred income which is included in the balance sheet as creditors.
- Sale of publications and Institute gifts is recognised when receivable.
- Investment income is included when receivable.
- Other income, including management fees, is included when receivable.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

1. Accounting Policies – continued

Resources expended

All expenditure is included on an accruals basis and is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to pay for expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Raising funds

The cost of raising funds consists of all expenditure associated with generating income.

Charitable activities

The cost of charitable activities comprises all expenditure associated with professional programmes, events, meetings and special projects and publications. The costs include both direct and indirect costs relating to these activities.

Direct costs are allocated on an actual basis to the relevant expense heading.

Allocation of expenditure

Costs directly attributable to the cost of raising funds and charitable activities are allocated to the appropriate activity. Support and governance costs, including staff costs, which cannot be directly attributed to an activity are allocated on the basis of the time spent by staff on each activity. Governance costs comprise all costs involving the public accountability of the Institute and its compliance with regulation and good practice.

Investments

The Institute has an investment pool for its restricted prize funds. The investments in the pool are a form of basic financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction value and subsequently measured at their fair value as at the balance sheet date using the closing quoted market price. The *Statement of Financial Activities* includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluation and disposals throughout the year.

The Institute does not acquire put options, derivatives or other complex financial instruments.

The main form of financial risk faced by the Institute is that of volatility in equity markets and investment markets due to wider economic conditions, the attitude of investors to investment risk, and changes in sentiment concerning equities and within particular sectors or sub sectors.

Realised and unrealised gains and losses

All gains and losses are taken to the *Statement of Financial Activities* as they arise. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their opening carrying value or their purchase value if acquired subsequent to the first day of the financial year. Unrealised gains and losses are calculated as the difference between the fair value at the year end and their carrying value. Realised and unrealised investment gains and losses are combined in the *Statement of Financial Activities*.

Stocks

Stocks of goods for resale are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Provision is made for obsolete or slow moving stock where appropriate.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

1. Accounting Policies – continued

Fixed Assets

Individual assets costing ± 500 or more are capitalised at cost.

The cost or valuation of fixed assets is written off by annual instalments over the expected useful lives as follows:

4 years

4 years (reducing balance)

- Computer equipment
- Motor vehicles
- Fixtures and fittings 10 years
- Course development costs 4 years

Property

Heritable property is stated at market value. Depreciation is provided at a rate calculated to write off the cost less the estimated residual value evenly over the expected useful life of 50 years. The estimated residual value is in excess of the cost and consequently there is no charge for depreciation in the current year (2019 - Nil).

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any discounts due.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors

Creditors are recognised where the company has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

Financial instruments

The Institute only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Pensions

The Institute was a member of a multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme which required contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. Membership of this scheme ceased on 31st October 2018. Since October 2006 this scheme has been closed to new entrants and payments on behalf of new employees are made to a defined contribution scheme and charged to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period to which they relate.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

2.	Education	2020	2019
		£	£
	Enrolment and exemption fees – Chartered Banker and bespoke Certificate course fees, RQF and Short Courses Income	2,950,370 264,406 3,214,776	2,945,142 352,404 3,297,546
	Income from Education was £3,163,551 (2019:£3,297,546) all of which was unrestricted.	5,214,770	5,297,540
3.	Events, meetings and special projects		
	Unrestricted	2020 £	2019 £
	2025 Donations	2,193	52,361
	Restricted	2,193	52,361
	CB:PSB	83,332	468,834
		83,332	468,834
	Total	85,525	521,195
4.	Other	2019	2019
		£	£
	Gain on sale of fixed asset		-
5.	Total Income		
	Unrestricted Restricted	4,486,515 83,539	4,361,589 469,236
	Total	4,570,054	4,830,825

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

6. Allocation of governance and support costs

The breakdown of support costs and how these are allocated between governance and other support costs is shown in the table below:

	2020 £ Total Allocated	Governance related	Other Support costs	2019 £ Total
Staff Costs Printing, stationery and office expenses Postage and telephone Legal fees Bank interest and charges Staff training Motor expenses Irrecoverable VAT Computer costs Rent paid, rates and insurance Light, heating, repairs, cleaning and professional fees Entertainment Travel expenses Marketing Loss on didposal of fixed assets PSB Support	2,682,846 77,517 27,036 15,052 9,518 28,271 1,683 145,462 238,224 139,812 40,294 8,840 141,510 101,740 17,292 12,149 3,687,246	167,240 1,550 541 798 190 565 34 2,909 4,764 2,796 806 177 2,830 2,035 346 - 187,582	2,515,606 75,967 26,495 14,254 9,328 27,706 1,649 142,553 233,460 137,016 39,488 8,863 138,680 99,705 16,946 12,149 3,499,664	2,646,032 85,833 48,453 39,933 9,684 42,013 1,926 253,970 106,208 108,270 50,731 13,229 179,165 186,177 129,720 3,901,344
Governance Costs			2020	2019
Auditor's remuneration Support and staff costs			6,550 187,582 194,132	6,550 247,815 254,365

The total support and staff costs attributable to charitable activities and other trading activites is then apportioned pro rata to the income received as shown below. All governance costs are met from unrestricted funds so no allocation or charge is made to restricted funds for any governance related costs.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

6. Allocation of governance and support costs

Cost of Raising Funds				2020 £	2019 £
Bank contributions Management fee Investment Income				25,818 154,643 2,389	22,512 143,587 -
Charitable activities Membership subscriptions Education programmes Events, meetings and special projects			_	677,066 2,438,435 <u>395,445</u> 3,693,796	383,667 2,742,056 <u>616,072</u> 3,907,894
Total expenditure		Staff,			
	Other	support and governance		Total	Total
Charitable activities	direct £	costs £	Dep'n £	2020 £	2019 £
Charitable activities Membership subscriptions Education programmes Events, meetings and special projects	direct	costs		2020	2019
Membership subscriptions Education programmes	direct £ 191,705 472,731 97,652	costs £ 677,066 2,438,435 395,445	50,344 150,263 103	2020 £ 919,114 3,061,429 493,200	2019 £ 579,016 3,824,345 693,209

In 2020 the expenditure on charitable activities was £4,473,743 (2019:£5,096,570) of which £306,750 (2019:£523,620) was expenditure from restricted funds and £4,166,993 (2019:£4,572,950) was expenditure from unresticted funds. In 2020 the expenditure on raising funds was £191,848 (2019: £179,906) of which £nil (2019:nil) was from restricted funds and £191,848 (2019: £179,906) from unrestricted funds.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

7.	Net Income	2020	2019
	Net Income is stated after charging / (crediting)	2020 £	2019 £
	Auditor's remuneration Depreciation Loss on disposal of assets	6,550 209,706 17,292	6,550 218,686 -
8.	Analysis of staff costs and remuneration of key personnel		
	The average number of employees employed by the Institute during the year was 58 (2019: 58) The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	The apprendice payrolic costs of these persons were as follows.	2020 £	2019 £
	Salaries Social security costs	2,417,177 235,590	2,307,405 270,239

In accordance with FRS 102 and the SORP, the key management personnel of the Institute are the Trustees and the senior management; the latter being the Chief Executive and the Directors. The total employment benefits of the Institute's key management personnel was £ 559,282 (2019:£577,866). Included in this amount is one (2019: one) trustee who received total employment benefits of £195,201(2019: £182,229). Trustees expenses reimbursed during the year were £4,084 (2019:£7,481).

Employees

Other pension costs

The number of employees whose emoluments fell within each of the following bands is as follows:	2020	2019
100,000 -110,001 110,001-120,000 120,001-130,000 150,001-200,000 190,001-200,000	0 1 2 0 1	1 1 1 0

The above analysis of emoluments excluded pension contributions of £nil (2019: £55,518) in respect of 4 employees (2019:4) employees.

30,079

9.

Notes to E ACCOUNTS continued

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

Fixed Assets		6		T 1	Constant	
	Property £	Course Development £	Motor Vehicles £	Fixtures & Fittings £	Computer Equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 March 2019 Additions Disposals	1,050,000	451,258 72,862	120,239 (37,444)	217,435	529,704 33,769 (72,077)	2,368,636 106,631 (109,521)
At 29 February 2020	1,050,000	524,120	82,795	217,435	491,396	2,365,746
Depreciation At 1 March 2019 Disposals Charge for the year	-	223,916 103,477	48,929 (9,361) 10,806	213,100 	350,037 (62,798) 95,127	835,982 (72,158) 209,706
At 29 February 2020	-	327,393	50,374	213,397	382,367	973,532
Net Book Value At 29 February 2020	1,050,000	196,727	32,421	4,038	109,028	1,392,215
At 28 February 2019	1,050,000	227,342	71,310	4,335	179,666	1,532,654

The property at Drumsheugh Gardens, Edinburgh was valued at 28th February 2018, on an open market basis, by DM Hall, property surveyors. The historic cost of property was £368,765. Tangible assets held in unrestricted funds were 2020: £1,532,654 (2019: £1,532,654).

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

10. Investments		
	2020 £	2019 £
Held in investment pool at the cost of original investment	79,156	79,156
Total cost of investments Unrealised loss on investments	79,156 (75,963)	79,156 (75,160)
Total market value of investments	3,996	4,390
Invested as follows		
6,362 Lloyds Banking Group ordinary stock	3,193 3,193	<u>3,996</u> 3,996
Attribution Restricted prize funds	3,193	3,996

The Institute's investment policy is risk adverse and as such the level of investments assets held are such that there is negligible risk to the Institute from financial investments whether with uncertain investment markets or volatility in yield. The Institute is not reliant on dividend yield to finance its work. The investments held are quoted UK shares. Investments held in restricted funds were 2020: £3,193 (2019: £3,996).

11. Stocks	2020 £	2019 £
Bespoke Course Material Certificate Course Material Stationery stock	41,418 5,207 2,000 48,625	36,845 5,207 2,000 44,052

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

12. Debtors	2020 £	2019 £
Other Debtors Corporate Patronage The Committee of Scottish Clearing Bankers Professional Standards Board Funding	978,835 213,053 1,191,888	876,561 192,000 24,944 <u>120,500</u> 1,214,005

Debtor balances of £1,191,888 (2019: £1,283,477) of which £1,191,888 was unrestricted (2019: £1,178,227) and £nil was restricted (2019: £105,250).

13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Other Creditors Taxation & Social Security VAT Accruals Professional Standards Board Income deferred Enrolment and Development Income deferred	43,604 6,790 3,845 199,560 <u>328,446</u> 582,245	138,157 5,500 41,502 32,577 111,833 526,460 856,029

Deferred Income comprises	Professional Standards Board	Other	Total
Brought forward	111,833	526,460	638,293
Released to incoming resources in year	(83,333)	(724,474)	(807,807)
Income arising in year	(28,500)	526,460	497,960
Carried forward	0	328,446	328,446

Creditor balances of £582,245 (2019:£856,029) of which £582,245 (2019:£856,029) was unrestricted and £nil was restricted (2019: £nil).

2020

2040

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

14. Prize funds held in trust

a) The following prize funds are held in trust as at 29 February 2020 (cost).	c.	
Torrance McGuffie Memorial. Fund Sir Bruce Patullo Prize	3,656 75,500 79,156	
at 29 February 2020	2020 £	2019 £
Held in investment pool at market value Short-term cash deposits	3,193 18,802 21,995	3,996 <u>19,702</u> 23,698

The main movements on restricted prize funds short-term cash deposits are as follows :

	Investment	Prizes	Gain/
	Income	Distributed	(losses)
	£	£	£
Sir Bruce Pattullo Prize	-	(900)	(900)
Total		(900)	(900)

15. Pension commitments

Contributions amounting to £30,079 (2019:£27,826) have been paid to a defined contribution scheme .

16. Lease commitments

The Institute has commited to expend £nil at the balance sheet date (2019: £3,150), under a non cancellable office premises lease which expired on 31st Jamuary 2020. The Institute has commited to expend £123,960 at the balance sheet date (2019: £123,960), under a non cancellable office premises lease which expires on 10th October 2021.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

17. Analysis of net assets by fund

29/02/2020	Fixed Assets	Heritage Assets £	Investments £	Net current assets £	Total £
Restricted Funds Prize Fund First European Project FEP -European Professional Standard Board	-	- - -	3,193 - -	18,802 22,828 - -	21,995 22,828 - -
Unrestricted Fund Accumulated Fund Revaluation Reserve 2025 Foundation	758,333 633,882 - 1,392,215	- - -	- - 3,193	1,630,142 - - 1,878,241	2,388,475 633,882 206,469 3,273,649

28/02/2019				Net current	
	Fixed Assets Heritage A £	Assets £	Investments £	assets £	Total £
Restricted Funds Prize Fund First European Project FEP -European		- -	3,996	19,702 22,828	23,698 22,828
Professional Standard Board	-	-	-	222,518	222,518
Unrestricted Fund Accumulated Fund Revaluation Reserve 2025 Foundation	898,772 633,882 		- - 3,996	1,364,014 	2,262,786 633,882 204,276 3,369,988

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

18. Analysis of movements on funds

Restricted Funds Torrance McGuffie Prize Sir Bruce Patullo Prize First European Project	Balance	Incoming	Expended	Gains/(Losses)	Closing Balance
	2,865 20,833 22,828	207	(900)	(802)	2,865 19,338 22,828
Chartered Banker Professional Standards Board	222,518	83,332	(305,850)	-	0
Unrestricted Funds					
Accumulated Fund Revaluation Reserve 2025 Foundation Heritage Assets	2,262,786 633,882 204,276	4,484,321 2,193	(4,358,841) -	- - -	2,388,266 633,882 206,469
Hender Beeb	3,369,988	4,570,053	(4,665,591)	(802)	3,273,649

Opening

The Sir Bruce Pattullo Prize is awarded to the candidate scoring the highest total mark in the Chartered Banker Course examinations. This prize has been established through a generous donation given by Sir Bruce Pattulo CBE. The individual who obtains the second highest total mark in the Chartered Banker Course examinations is awarded the Torrance McGuffie Memorial Prize.

First European project is a European Lifelong Learning initiative.

In October 2011, the Chartered Banker Professional Standards Board (CB:PSB) was successfully launched with the support of nine leading UK banks. The CB:PSB's overall aim is to restore public confidence and trust in banking and promote a culture of professionalism amongst individual bankers by creating industry-wide standards. Funding for CB:PSB ceased on 30th June 2019.

Notes to the accounts for the year ended 29 February 2020

19. Related Party Transactions

In the normal course of business the Institute undertakes transactions with the organisations represented by the Members of Council. Included within these transactions were the payment of corporate chartered of £30,000 (2019 : £120,000) and funding received in respect of CB:PSB of £83,332 (2019:£468,833). Payments totalling £23,611 (2019: £16,625l) were made to Charles Sydney Ltd, a company owned by a Trustee. At 29 February 2020 £nil (2019: £144,000) was due from corporate patrons and £nil (2019: £105,250) due in respect of CB:PSB funding.

20. Post Balance Sheet Events

The Covid-19 pandemic seems set to have a major impact on banking, business, education and society during 2020, and will likely have an impact on the Institute too. The safety and wellbeing of our members, students, staff and partners is our key priority. Our investments in recent years in remote working, delivery and assessment capabilities, mean that we are able to support colleagues, members and students in working and studying from home, and early indications are that this is proving successful. We anticipate that it will also substantially impact our UK university partners in terms of student recruitment. This could have a significant financial impact on the Institute, and we are planning, therefore, for a wide range of scenarios to make sure that we can continue to support our members, students, staff and partners during challenging times.

A significant and sustained economic downturn would be likely to lead to a fall in student enrolments and Institute membership. To counter this, we adopt a prudent approach to diversification including increasing international and online enrolments, to seek to mitigate as far as possible any potential downturn. Our digital transformation, optimisation and restructuring, completed during 2019, means we are well-placed compared with peers to cope with a challenging economic environment.

ANNUAL REPORT 2020

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